



NAB

National Advisory Board on Climate Change and Disaster Risk Reduction

Its purpose?

- ▶ Its primary purpose is to:
“Act as Vanuatu’s supreme policy making and advisory body for all disaster risk reduction and climate change programs, projects, initiatives and activities”.



Background

- ▶ Prior to mid-2012, there were two government bodies undertaking climate change and disaster risk reduction work: the National Advisory Committee on Climate Change (NACCC) and the National Task Force on Disaster Risk Reduction (NTF).
- ▶ There were many areas of overlap in climate change adaptation work and disaster risk reduction work.
- ▶ For reasons of efficiency, coordination, best use of resources, and stronger governance and direction, it was agreed by VMGD and NDMO that a merged body should be formed.



NAB-PMU key roles

There are three key areas of focus:

- ▶ Strategic Governance and Policy
 - Including implementation of national obligations, development of positions for international summits, identification of priorities, and development of a national policy on CC and DRR
- ▶ Technical Advice, Project Monitoring and Coordination
 - Including providing technical advice to government departments and NGOs, acting as the coordination point for CC and DRR matters, starting a 'project endorsement process' and 'information materials endorsement process' and working to support standardised approaches.

NAB-PMU Key roles

- ▶ Project Management – Financing, Procurement & Administration
 - Including Secretariat duties for the NAB, investigating funding mechanisms for Vanuatu, providing support and advice on procurement for CC/DRR, and implementing projects...

Where we're at now

▶ Establishment

- Develop guidelines, procedures and terms of reference for NAB, PMU, staff
- Mini-NAB meetings, stakeholder input
- Recruitment and staff induction
- Communication and engagement
- LAUNCH of NAB 17th December 2012

▶ Project Management (EU, WB, UNDP)

▶ Policy Development (currently in draft)

▶ Establishing communication and coordination mechanisms